



OF FOAM RUBBER SHEETS AND STRIPS

The foam rubber used for our cups can be provided in sheets or strips of the sizes indicated in the table.

Both the OF foam rubber strips and the sheets have a self-adhesive side which allows a quick and easy fixing to the metal support.

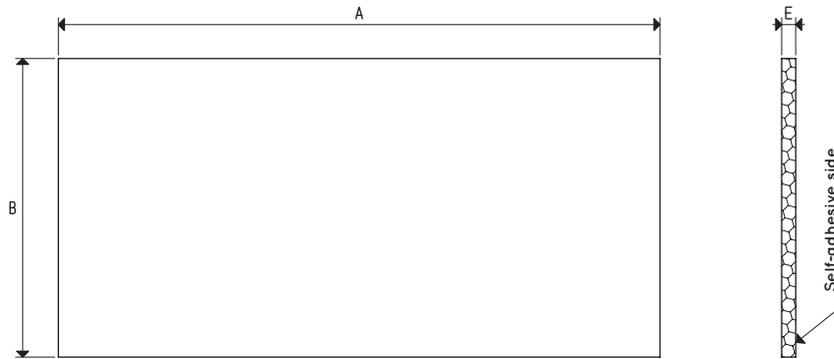
These sheets and strips can be used to make cups of every shape and to handle loads with raw or very rough surfaces. They can be supplied in different sizes and density upon request and in quantities to be defined in the order.

The working temperature ranges from -40°C to $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Excellent compressive and breaking strength, with elongation up to 350%. Poor resistance to oils, ozone and flame.

NOTE: OF foam rubber is obtained by the expansion of a natural rubber, subjected to leavening through a chemical-thermal treatment.

Surface porosity with the same density, therefore, can vary, not compromising its effectiveness.

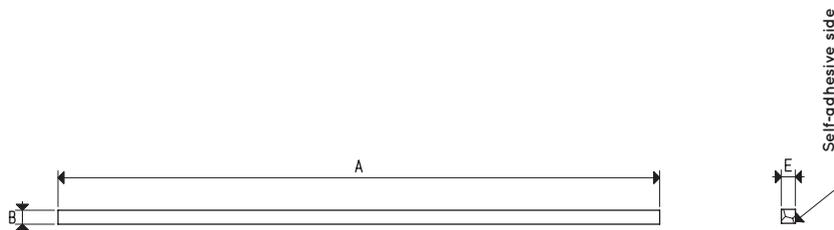


OF FOAM RUBBER SHEETS

| Item | A | B | E |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| LGS 10 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 920 ÷ 880 | 10 ± 1.50 |
| LGS 15 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 920 ÷ 880 | 15 ± 1.60 |
| LGS 20 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 920 ÷ 880 | 20 ± 1.90 |
| LGS 25 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 920 ÷ 880 | 25 ± 1.90 |
| LGS 30 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 920 ÷ 880 | 30 ± 2.00 |
| LGS 40 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 920 ÷ 880 | 40 ± 2.50 |
| LGS 45 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 920 ÷ 880 | 45 ± 2.50 |

Note: The minimum size available is half a sheet.

Note: Considering the nature of OF rubber foam, the size of slabs in the table may vary, even beyond tolerances.



OF FOAM RUBBER STRIPS

| Item | A | B | E |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| SGS 10 10 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 10 ± 1.50 | 10 ± 0,50 |
| SGS 15 10 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 15 ± 1.60 | 10 ± 0,50 |
| SGS 20 10 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 20 ± 1.90 | 10 ± 0,50 |
| SGS 20 15 OF | 2050 ÷ 1950 | 20 ± 1.90 | 15 ± 0,75 |

Note: Considering the nature of OF rubber foam, the size of strips in the table may vary.

Transformation ratio: N (newton) = Kg x 9.81 (force of gravity)

inch = $\frac{\text{mm}}{25.4}$; pounds = $\frac{\text{g}}{453.6} = \frac{\text{Kg}}{0.4536}$